Implicit Association Test

UW ADVANCE Workshop

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May 14, 2004

How the Gender-SEM IAT Works

- It is easier to give the same response to items from two categories when those categories are associated
- Faster responding when male names and SEM items get the same response indicates a male-SEM association









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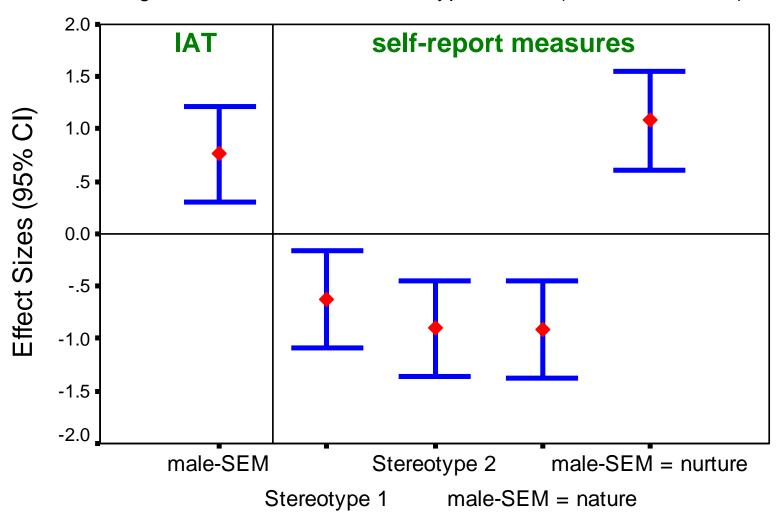
Detailed IAT Results

ADVANCE results compared with IAT researchers

		ADVANCE results		IAT researcher results	
Result of test	Strength of association	male (N = 16)	female (N = 7)	male (N = 12)	female (N = 11)
Association of female with SEM	strong	2	0	3	2
	moderate	0	0	1	2
	slight	0	1	1	0
Little or no association		3	2	0	0
Association of male with SEM	slight	1	2	0	0
	moderate	2	0	1	3
	strong	8	2	6	4

Results IAT and Self-Report Data

high scores = male-SEM stereotype; N = 23 (16 male; 7 female)



Questions

- What are implicit stereotypes?
 - Where do they come from?
- What can one do about them?